AISR Sunday School - Book 6

Rulings of Wudu Quiz - Ages 12-15

Name: _____ Date: _____

Section A: Multiple Choice

1. Which is one of the four fard acts of wudu?

A. Washing the face
B. Washing the hair with shampoo
C. Washing the knees three times
D. Drying with a towel

2. How much of the head must be wiped as a fard act according to the lesson?

A. The whole head twice
B. One quarter of the head
C. Only the forehead
D. One half of the head

3. What should be done with a tight ring during wudu?

A. Leave it completely still
B. Move it so water reaches underneath
C. Cover it with a cloth
D. Remove wudu from that hand

4. If washing a wound would be harmful but wiping it is safe, what should be done?

A. Ignore the whole limb
B. Perform masah over the wound
C. Repeat wudu three times
D. Delay all prayers

5. According to the lesson, when does ordinary bleeding break wudu?

A. Whenever any red spot appears
B. Only when blood or pus flows from its place
C. Only after ten minutes
D. Never

6. What happens if a person vomits a mouthful?

A. Wudu breaks
B. Salah becomes optional
C. Nothing happens to wudu
D. Ghusl becomes required

7. During Salah, a person laughs loudly enough for nearby people to hear. What breaks?

A. Only wudu
B. Only Salah
C. Both Salah and wudu
D. Neither

8. A person knows they made wudu but is unsure whether it later broke. What should they do according to the lesson?

A. Regard the wudu as still valid

B. Assume it is definitely broken
C. Stop praying for the day
D. Perform ghusl

Section B: Fill in the Blank

1. The four fard acts include washing both feet up to and including the _____.

2. Passing a wet hand over an injured area or covering is called _____.

3. A barrier such as nail varnish must be removed so _____ can reach the skin.

4. If a person only _____ silently in Salah, neither Salah nor wudu breaks.

5. Clipping the nails or cutting the hair after wudu does _____ break wudu.

Answer Key

Section A: Multiple Choice

1. A. Washing the face

2. B. One quarter of the head

3. B. Move it so water reaches underneath

4. B. Perform masah over the wound

5. B. Only when blood or pus flows from its place

6. A. Wudu breaks

7. C. Both Salah and wudu

8. A. Regard the wudu as still valid

Section B: Fill in the Blank

1. ankles

2. masah

3. water

4. smiles

5. not